

ALLEN WELSH DULLES
Curriculum Vitae (adapted from WHO'S WHO, 1968-69)

Allen Welsh Dulles was born on April 7, 1893, in Watertown, New York. He is one of the five children of the Rev. Allen Macy and Edith (Foster) Dulles. His father was a Presbyterian minister and professor in Auburn Theological Seminary. His maternal grandfather, John Watson Foster, was Secretary of State under President Benjamin Harrison, and his uncle, Robert Lansing, Secretary of State under President Woodrow Wilson.

Mr. Dulles graduated from the Auburn High School, Auburn, New York. He studied at the Ecole Alsacienne in Paris before entering Princeton University in 1910. He holds the B.A. degree from Princeton (1914); the M.A. from Princeton (1916); the LL.B. from George Washington University (1926). He was awarded the LL.D. from Brown University (1947); from Temple University (1952); from Columbia University (1955); from Princeton University (1957); from George Washington University (1959); from Boston College (1961); from the University of South Carolina (1962); and from Williams College (1965).

Mr. Dulles taught at Allahabad, India, in 1915 and entered the U. S. diplomatic service in 1916, being assigned to Vienna, Austria, and in 1917 to Berne, Switzerland. He was a member of the American Commission to negotiate peace at the ~~Paris~~ *Paris*

Peace Conference, 1918-19, and was appointed first secretary of the American Commission (Embassy) in Berlin in 1920. He served with the American Commission in Constantinople, Turkey, from 1920 to 1922 and was chief of the State Department's Division of Near Eastern Affairs from 1922 to 1926. Mr. Dulles was delegate of the United States to the International Conference on Arms Traffic in Geneva in 1925, and to the Preparatory Disarmament Conference in 1926. He served as legal advisor to the American delegation at both the Three-Power Naval Conference in Geneva in 1927 and the General Disarmament Conference in Geneva in 1932-33. During his career in the Foreign Service (1916-26) and his subsequent career in the law he was often in Washington and resided there with his grandfather, John W. Foster, and his uncle, Robert Lansing. From them as well as from his older brother, John Foster Dulles, with whom he was for many years after 1926 in law practice he derived his particular interest in and knowledge of our Foreign Affairs problems.

Mr. Dulles resigned from the Foreign Service in 1926 to join the firm of Sullivan & Cromwell in New York City. During World War II he served with the Office of Strategic Services after Pearl Harbor, first in Switzerland and later he headed the OSS mission in Germany. In 1948 he was designated by President Truman as chairman of a three-man group to survey and report on the U. S. intelligence system. He has written several books, including GERMANY'S

UNDERGROUND (Macmillan, 1947), **THE CRAFT OF INTELLIGENCE** (Harper & Row, 1963), **THE SECRET SURRENDER** (Harper & Row, 1966), etc.

He received the Medal of Merit, the Medal of Freedom (1946), and the National Security Medal from the U. S. Government and was also decorated by the French, Belgian, and Italian governments for his World War II work.

In 1951, Mr. Dulles joined the CIA and became Deputy Director of Central Intelligence in August of that year. On February 26, 1953, he was designated by President Eisenhower to be Director of Central Intelligence, and he was requested by President Kennedy to remain in that post after the latter's election in 1960. Mr. Dulles retired from CIA on November 30, 1961.

Mr. Dulles married the former Clover Todd of New York in 1920. They have two daughters and a son and make their home in Washington, D. C.